



# PHYSICS

# STAGE 3

## FORMULAE AND DATA

2014

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## Motion and forces in gravitational fields

Mean velocity	$v_{\rm av} = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{v+u}{2}$
Equations of motion	$a = \frac{v - u}{t}$ ; $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$ ; $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ ; $v = u + at$
Force	F = ma
Weight force	F = mg
Kinetic energy	$E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$
Gravitational potential energy	$E_{\rm p} = mgh$
Work done	$W = Fs = \Delta E$
Centripetal acceleration	$a_{\rm c} = \frac{V^2}{r}$
Centripetal force	$F_{\rm c} = ma_{\rm c} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$
Newton's law of universal gravitation	$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$
Gravitational field strength	$g = G \frac{M}{r^2}$
Moment of a force (force at angle $\theta$ to lever arm)	$\tau = rF\sin\theta$

Note: the variable *t* refers to the 'time taken' sometimes referred to as the 'change in time' or  $\Delta t$ .

## Electricity and magnetism

Ohm's law	V = IR
Magnetic force on a current-carrying conductor	$F = I\ell B$
Electromagnetic induction	$emf = -N \frac{\Phi_2 - \Phi_1}{t}; emf = \ell v B$
Magnetic flux	$\Phi = BA$
Electric current	$I = \frac{q}{t}$
Work and energy	W = Vq
Ideal transformer turns ratio	$\frac{V_{\rm s}}{V_{\rm p}} = \frac{N_{\rm s}}{N_{\rm p}}$
Power	$P = VI = I^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$
Particles, waves and quanta	

Wave period	$T = \frac{1}{f}$
Wave equation	$v_{\text{wave}} = f\lambda; c = f\lambda$
Internodal distance	$d = \frac{1}{2}\lambda$
Energy of photon	E = hf
Energy transitions	$E_2 - E_1 = hf$

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### Motion and forces in electric and magnetic fields

Electric field strength	$E = \frac{F}{a} = \frac{V}{d}$
Magnetic force	y u
on a charged particle	F = qvB

### **Physical constants**

Speed of light in vacuum or airc	=	3.00 × 10 <sup>8</sup> m s <sup>-1</sup>
Speed of sound in air at 25°C $v$	=	346 m s <sup>-1</sup>
Electron chargee	= -	1.60 × 10 <sup>-19</sup> C
Mass of electron $\dots m_{e}$	=	9.11 × 10 <sup>-31</sup> kg
Mass of proton $m_{ m p}$	=	1.67 × 10 <sup>-27</sup> kg
Mass of alpha $m_{a}$	=	6.64 × 10 <sup>-27</sup> kg
Planck constanth	=	6.63 × 10 <sup>-34</sup> J s
Newtonian constant of gravitation $\dots G$	=	6.67 × 10 <sup>-11</sup> N m <sup>2</sup> kg <sup>-2</sup>
Electron volt1 eV	=	1.60 × 10 <sup>-19</sup> J

## Physical data

Mean acceleration due to gravity on Earth $g$	=	9.80 m s <sup>-2</sup>
Mean acceleration due to gravity on the Moon $g_{\mathrm{M}}$	=	1.62 m s <sup>-2</sup>
Mean radius of the Earth $R_{\rm E}$	=	6.38 × 10 <sup>6</sup> m
Mass of the Earth $M_{\rm E}$	=	5.97 × 10 <sup>24</sup> kg
Mean radius of the Sun $R_{\rm s}$	=	6.96 × 10 <sup>8</sup> m
Mass of the Sun $M_{\rm s}$	=	1.99 × 10 <sup>30</sup> kg
Mean radius of the Moon $R_{\rm M}$	=	1.74 × 10 <sup>6</sup> m
Mass of the Moon $M_{\rm M}$	=	7.35 × 10 <sup>22</sup> kg
Mean Earth-Moon distance	=	3.84 × 10 <sup>8</sup> m
Mean Earth-Sun distance	=	1.50 × 10 <sup>11</sup> m
Tonne1 t	=	10 <sup>3</sup> kg = 10 <sup>6</sup> g

## Electromagnetic spectrum

Note: shaded areas represent regions of overlap

	Wavelength
$\lambda$ (m)	$10^{2}$ 10 1 $10^{-1}$ $10^{-2}$ $10^{-3}$ $10^{-4}$ $10^{-5}$ $10^{-6}$ $10^{-7}$ $10^{-8}$ $10^{-9}$ $10^{-10}$ $10^{-11}$ $10^{-12}$
Area	radio frequencies
spectrum	microwaves gamma rays
f(Hz)	$10^{6}$ $10^{7}$ $10^{8}$ $10^{9}$ $10^{10}$ $10^{11}$ $10^{12}$ $10^{13}$ $10^{14}$ $10^{15}$ $10^{16}$ $10^{17}$ $10^{18}$ $10^{19}$ $10^{20}$ Frequency

#### Prefixes of the metric system

Factor	Prefix	Symbol	Factor	Prefix	Symbol
10 <sup>12</sup>	tera	Т	10 <sup>-3</sup>	milli	m
10 <sup>9</sup>	giga	G	<b>10</b> <sup>-6</sup>	micro	μ
10 <sup>6</sup>	mega	Μ	10 <sup>-9</sup>	nano	n
10 <sup>3</sup>	kilo	k	10 <sup>-12</sup>	pico	р

#### Mathematical expressions

### **Quadratic equations**

Given 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
,  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ 

### Triangles

The following expressions apply to the triangle ABC as shown:



### **Right-angled triangles**

The following expressions apply to the right-angled triangle ABC as shown:

